APPENDIX B

SEMANTIC STRUCTURE ANALYSIS DISPLAYS

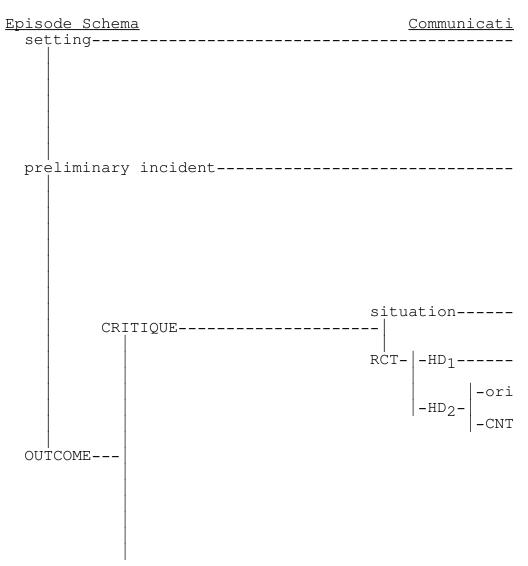
Abbreviations Used In Semantic Structure Analysis Displays

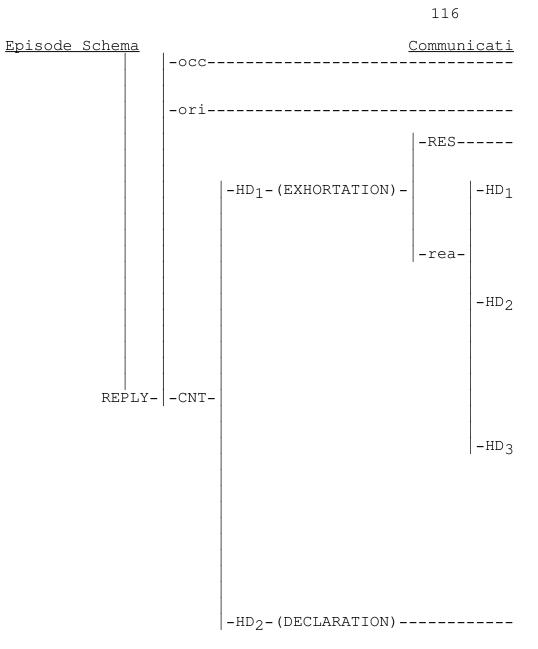
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alt	alternation/	lint	introduction
	alternate	[IRO]	irony
amp/AMP	amplification	[LIT]	litotes
ANA ANS	anacoluthon	man	manner
CCL	answer conclusion	[MET]	metaphor
cir		MTYI	means
cls	circumstance	[MTY]	metonymy
CNC	closing concept	mov	move megative
cnd	condition	neg occ/OCC	occasion
cns	concession	1	opening
	conjoining	op ori/ORI	orienter
cnj CNT	content	OUT	outcome
COM	comment	par	parenthesis
CON/con	contraction	(pl)	plural
cpr	comparison	pos	positive
CP	counter-proposal	PRB	problem
CQ	counter-question	pri	preliminary
CR	counter-remark		incident
CNQ	consequence	prm	prominence
ctf	contrary-to-fact	prp	proposal
ctr	contrast	[PRS]	personification
CTX	contraexpectation	pur	purpose
dsc	description	que	question
eqv	equivalent	RCT	reaction
[EUP]	euphemism	rea	reason
EVA	evaluation	REP	reply
evi	evidential	RES	result
exc	exchange	[RHQ]	rhetorical
(exc)	exclusive		question
EXE	execution	rmk	remark
EXH	exhortation	RSL	resolution
fig	figurative	seq	sequential
GEN	generic	set	setting
GOL	goal	sim	simultaneous
grd	grounds	[SIM]	simile
HD	head	(sg)	singular
[HEN]	hendiadys	spf	specific
[HYP]	hyperbole	stp	step
[IDM]	idiom	sum/SUM	summary
idn	identification	[SYN]	synecdoche
ill	illustration	tim	time
(inc)	inclusive	tpc	topic

NOTE: Capitalization of relational roles indicates prominence, either natural or marked. Figures of speech (in brackets) are also capitalized. HD (Head) is often used in place of the more prominent role label.

<u>Episode Schema</u>	<u>Communicati</u>
setting-(circumstance)	
DECLARATION	







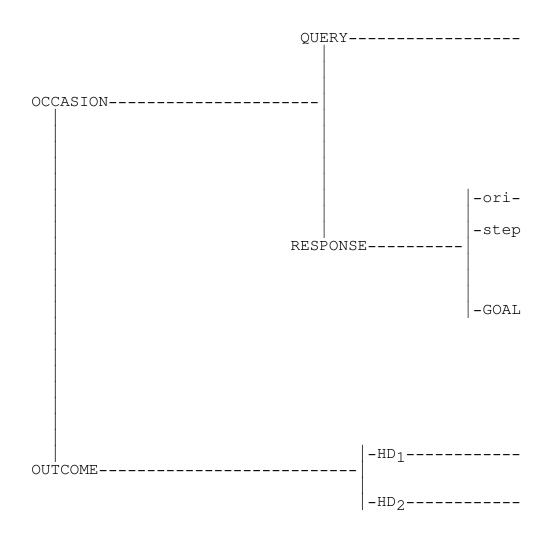
Episode Schema

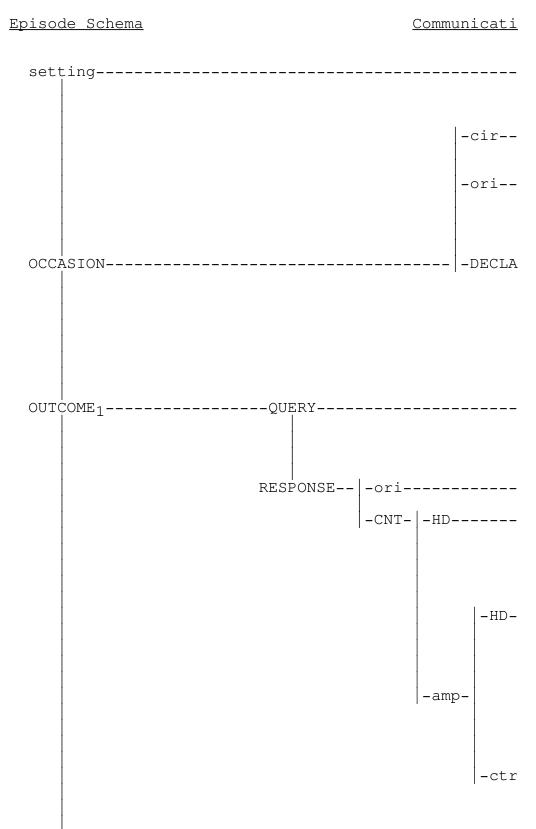
<u>Communicati</u>



Episode Schema

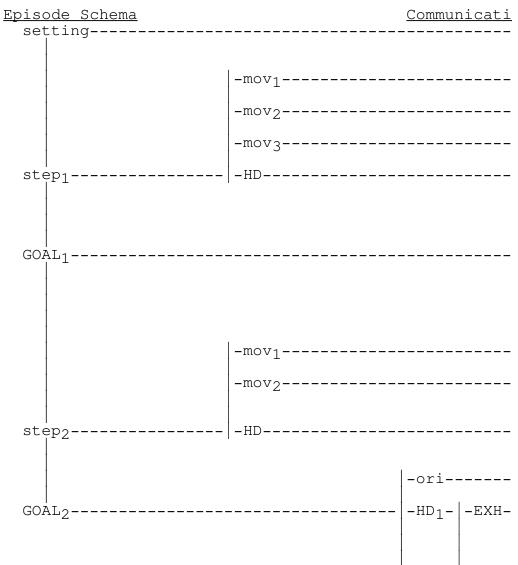
<u>Communicati</u>







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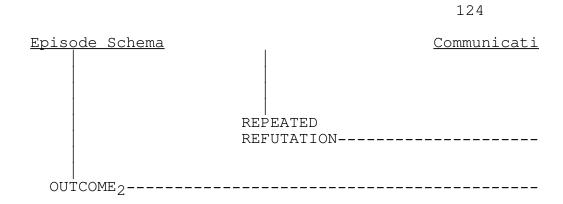
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<u>Episode Schema</u>

<u>Communicati</u>

-HD2-----

<u>Episode Schema</u>		<u>Communicati</u>
setting		
		-ori
		-HD1
		-evi
OCCASION	-PREDICTION	HD2
		2
		-HD3
OUTCOME ₁	-REFUTATION	
	 REPEATED PREDICTION	



Notes On The Communication Relations

- 1. The passover is a Jewish religious observance commemorating their deliverance from the angel of death and their flight from the land of Egypt.
- 2. 'Man from heaven' was chosen as a substitute for 'son of man.' The term 'son of man' is a technical religious term that will not be properly understood by the unchurched. 'Man from heaven' contains elements of both Christ's humanity and his deity, and should be readily understood by an average reader.
- 3. The feast of unleavened bread is a part of the passover observance. It commemorates the flight of the Jewish people from Egypt with unleavened bread as their provisions.
- 4. The Mount of Olives was located a short distance from the city of Jerusalem. It was customary for Jesus to frequent this place with His disciples.